

Indigenous status

There were four new HIV notifications in Indigenous people in 2007, including three males and one female. The total number of notifications in Indigenous people between 2002 and 2007 was 32, of which 84.4% (27) have been male, of which almost three quarters (74.1% or 20) of Indigenous males were MSM, including 3 who were bisexual. In addition, three males had heterosexual exposure, two were IDUs, and two of unknown exposure (7.4%). All five Indigenous females reported heterosexual exposure.

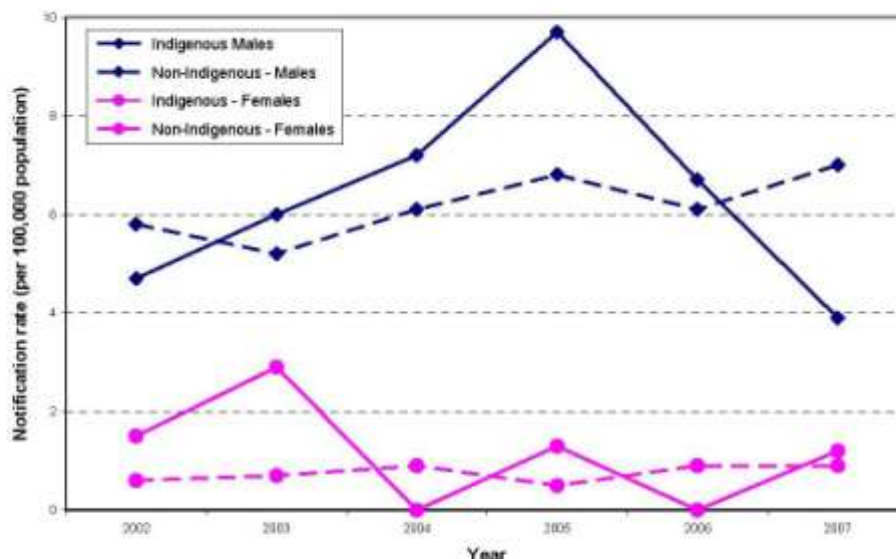


Figure 3: Notification rate for Indigenous and non-Indigenous people, where the first diagnosis was in Queensland, 2002-2007

AIDS and Indigenous status

There were no Indigenous people notified with AIDS in either 2007 or 2006 (Figure 9), 10 were notified (including eight males) since 2002, and 38 were diagnosed since 1984. Diagnoses in non-Indigenous people have totalled 1,096 since 1984, including 179 since 2002, of which 88% (157) were male.

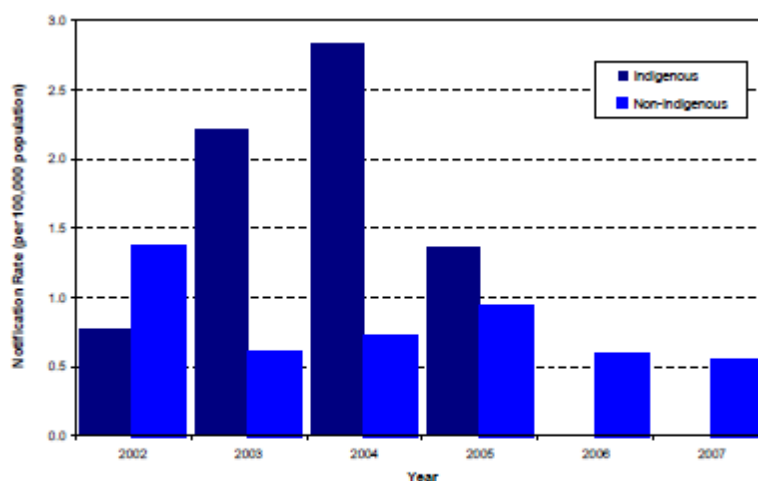


Figure 9: AIDS notification rate by Indigenous status, Queensland, 2003-2007